

## Mineral Exploration Case Histories - Industry Reports

The following represent a cross-section of mineral exploration case histories compiled using industry press releases. Technologies may or may not represent GSM-19 technologies, although many certainly are as the system is the industry leader in magnetometers and gradiometers for mineral exploration.

You will find many examples here of applications of magnetometers and gradiometers for gold, diamond, uranium, copper, platinum, iron and base metals.

### Regional Reconnaissance - Comparison of Airborne and Ground Mag Results

Abstract on the Magnetic Detectability of Ponta Grossa Dyke Swarms: An Integrated Ground/Airborne Magnetometry and Rock Magnetism Study.

Mesozoic Ponta Grossa Arch Dyke Swarms occur between the eastern border of the Parana basin and the southeastern Brazilian continental margin. It comprises of a few to a hundred meters-thick tholeiitic dykes which intrude the Precambrian basement and Paleozoic sediments preferably along the NW direction. Preliminary analysis of aeromagnetic data suggested that these dykes may extend northwesterly towards the center of the Parana basin, under basaltic flows and post-volcanic sediments.

In order to investigate the detectability of these non-exposed dykes by conventional airborne magnetometry, a combined study of ground/airborne magnetometry and dyke magnetism was carried out in the northern part of the Ponta Grossa Arch where dykes are exposed. A total component ground magnetic profile of 16 km in length was set up with an average spacing of 12.5 to 25 m between readings. There is clear correspondence between exposed dykes and short-wavelength magnetic anomalies.

The ground magnetic data were transformed into aeromagnetic data by the upward continuation technique at different heights until it coincided with the altitude of one flight-line of the aeromagnetic survey flown at 450 meters above ground level. This process reveals that most of dyke-generated magnetic anomalies are highly attenuated at altitude as low as 100 m above ground level. At 450 m, only anomalies associated with a group of close spaced dykes or high-amplitude (above 4,000 nT on the ground) magnetic anomaly of a single dyke remain.

The results were integrated with data of magnetization of dyke samples in order to establish quantitative criteria of dyke detectability by conventional airborne magnetometry. For this particular region, it is found that most of the dykes can only be detected by ground magnetic survey due to low magnetization, and small thickness of the dykes. Two additional ground magnetic profiles were set up in the interior of the Parana basin, where dykes are not exposed and the results analysed. They indicate that the Ponta Grossa Arch dykes may extend northwesterly towards the center of the basin, cutting the thick pile of lava flows.

This finding reinforces the geochemical and paleomagnetic evidence that the Ponta Grossa dyke swarms are associated with a late stage or a subsequent technomagmatic event following the main Serra Geral flood basalt volcanism in the southern and central Parana basin.

Revista Brasileira de Geociencias. 21 (4): 317 -327. December 1991 y Naomi Ussami, Alexandre Kolisnyk, Maria I. B. Raposo, Francisco J. F. Ferreira, Eder C. Molina and Marcia Ernesto.

Tuesday, December 13, 2005

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### **Gold Exploration - Magnetism Corroborates Mineralized Trends**

Garrison International Inc. is pleased to announce encouraging results from geochemical soil and magnetometer surveys over exploration licenses at their Wutai property, Shanxi Province, China.

Gold geochemical anomalies in soil identify mineralized stratigraphy extending outward from known mineralization at the Dongyaozhuang mine. Magnetometer surveys corroborate mineralized trends outlined by anomalous soil samples, as well as delineating other potentially mineralized zones.

Based on the positive results of 2004 orientation surveys, which were conducted over known mineralization at the Dongyaozhuang mine, a larger scale sampling program was completed in October 2005. This survey tested mineralized and altered zones mapped by Garrison's Joint Venture Partner covering approximately 14 square kilometers.

Thirty kilometers of ground magnetic-GPS were run perpendicular to the general southwest trend of mineralization and multiple continuous, linear, magnetic anomalies were delineated. A total of 541 soil samples were collected at 30 meter intervals during a ridge and spur sampling program which were evaluated by SGS Labs in China. Multi-element ICP and gold assays conducted by SGS Labs found gold in soils up to 450 ppb. Numerous gold anomalies occur throughout the exploration licenses, in many places coincident with magnetic highs.

Analysis of the most recent magnetometer and geochemical surveys, coupled with construction of a 3D model of underground sampling, drilling and geological mapping is ongoing. Garrison's goal is to test potential mineralization with an 8 to 10 hole drilling program in the spring of 2006.

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releases/show.jsp?action=showRelease&searchText=false&showText=all&actionFor=570175>

Tuesday, November 29, 2005

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### **Gold Exploration - Magnetism and IP**

Sea Green Capital Corp. is pleased to announce that it has acquired a 50% interest in 4 claims comprised of 11 units covering approximately 177 hectares in the northeast part of Ogden Township in Ontario. The property is accessible by gravel roads on the outskirts of Timmins, Ontario.

The claims adjoin the DeSantis Mines property on the east and the McEnaney deposit

to the south, and are underlain by hydrothermally altered volcanics and sedimentary rocks and porphyry intrusions. The "key" Porcupine Destor Fault is located one kilometer south of the property. Previous exploration on the property included ground geophysical surveys and numerous diamond drill holes recording narrow gold intersections.

Sea Green has commenced line cutting on both the Casa Berardi - North Group and on the Casa Berardi - Cancor Extension Project. Approximately 75 km. of line will be cut and then followed by magnetometer and IP surveys which are expected to be completed before the end of the year. These surveys are extensions of the work carried out earlier in the year and will lead to a drilling program early in 2006.

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releasesfr/show.jsp?action=showRelease&searchText=false&showText=all&actionFor=569257>

### **Porphyry Copper - Magnetic Anomaly Associated with Occurrence**

Aurelian Resources Inc. is pleased to announce the discovery of a second copper porphyry system at its Condor Project in SE Ecuador. Both porphyry systems are adjacent to the Bonza - Las Penas gold deposit. The Camp porphyry, immediately to the west of the Bonza - Las Penas gold deposit, was discovered during a short drilling campaign to test a large magnetic anomaly.

Diamond drill hole CP-05-46 intersected 0.24% copper from 195 m to 298.35 m in an angled hole with the last 42.35 m assaying 0.31% copper. The hole was stopped at 298.35m still in copper mineralisation. Copper assays steadily increased down the length of the hole which only tested the perimeter of the large magnetic anomaly. The porphyry is covered by thin post-mineralisation conglomerates, estimated at 20m true thickness in drill hole CP-05-46.

The discovery drill hole intercept occurs on the edge of the porphyry system which is defined by the magnetic survey as being over 500m wide, 800m long and open to the west. The hole was oriented with a 50 degree dip to the south.

Additionally, the Tranca Loma porphyry copper system occurs on the east shoulder of the Bonza-Las Penas epithermal gold-silver deposit. The porphyry copper system has been previously defined by mapping, sampling and geophysical surveys, including test pitting, trenching, IP and a magnetometer survey. This has delineated a north-west trending porphyry copper target over 2 km in length and 600 m in width, open along strike.

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releases/show.jsp?action=showRelease&searchText=false&showText=all&actionFor=569548>

Friday, November 25, 2005

**Alluvial Diamond Exploration - Correlation with Magnetic Sands**

Cream Minerals Ltd. is pleased to report receipt of an updated Technical Report on its Alluvial Diamond Properties (EPL 1/94 and EPL 5/94) in Sierra Leone. The report, compliant with National Instrument 43-101, is written by Mr. Charles K. Ikona, P.Eng., Pamicon Developments Ltd., for Cream Minerals Ltd. in respect to its agreement with Casierra Development Fund and Casierra Diamond Corporation ("Casierra") to acquire a 70% interest.

For millions of years, diamonds originating in the Koidu Area of Sierra Leone and elsewhere have been swept down the major rivers, Sewa, Mano and Moa, to river bottoms, terraces and the sea. Prior to Casierra acquiring the lease in 1994, there is no recorded evidence of exploration for offshore diamonds in this area. It is postulated in Sierra Leone that tidal and wave actions as well as possible re-submerged paleochannels within the river deltas may have re-concentrated the diamonds.

Preliminary sampling in 1995 and 1996 by Casierra and Malaysia Mining Corporation recovered nineteen gem quality diamonds. In June, 2005, a detailed magnetometer survey over this area has suggested a possible correlation of diamond concentration with magnetic sands. The survey has shown the presence of a number of features including a 2,400 meter by 1,600 meter by 5 meter depth high priority target which has been identified for bulk sampling. This equates to about 19 million cubic meters of magnetically active sediments in which the magnetic component, weathered magnetite, with a density approximating that of diamonds, becomes an important exploration target.

More information is available at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releases/show.jsp?action=showRelease&searchText=false&showText=all&actionFor=568800>

Monday, November 14, 2005

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### **Gold and Copper Exploration - Magnetics and IP for Identification of Drill Targets**

Firestone Ventures Inc. is pleased to announce that a detailed surface geophysical program has commenced on the company's 2,016-hectare (4,980 acre) Sonora property, located 110 km northwest of Carmacks, Yukon Territory, Canada. The property lies midway along the "Dawson Range Gold Belt" which hosts historically important gold and copper mines and deposits. Placer gold mining has operated periodically on streams draining the Sonora property. A gravel airstrip on the property and a seasonal road within 25 km provide access.

Firestone Ventures is earning an 80% interest in the property. The 2005 geophysics program, conducted by Aurora Geosciences Ltd., consists of 24 line-km of induced polarization and surface magnetometer surveying across several previously identified targets. The program also includes VLF-EM surveying to help define the location of the Big Creek Fault extending along the Dawson Range Gold Belt. The geophysics program is designed to identify targets for a proposed diamond drilling program to begin in 2006.

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releases/show.jsp?action=showRelease&searchText=false&showText=all&actionFor=565974>

Tuesday, November 01, 2005

### **Uranium Exploration - Extrapolation of Geological Characteristics**

Pitchstone Exploration Ltd. is pleased to provide an update on its Mountain Lake and Dismal Lake projects located in the Hornby Bay Basin of Nunavut and Northwest Territories.

A \$1.2 million exploration program has recently been completed on the projects, which included a 684 line-km MEGATEM II survey, conducted by Fugro Airborne Surveys at 150 m line spacing, over the Mountain Lake project. This survey was designed to identify lithologic and structural characteristics of the Mountain Lake uranium deposit and extrapolate these to the remainder of the claims.

Follow-up ground geophysics was also conducted over the deposit with 40 line-km of magnetic, resistivity and both time- and frequency-domain electromagnetic surveys.

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releases/show.jsp?action=showRelease&searchText=false&showText=all&actionFor=565229>

Monday, October 31, 2005

### **Porphyry Copper - Ground Magnetism and IP for Target Delineation**

In 2005, Lloyd Geophysical of Vancouver was contracted to complete 17 line-kilometres of Induced Polarization (IP) and ground magnetic surveys to the south and west of Stealth's newly discovered Sofia copper-gold porphyry outcrop. The survey covered an area 1,500 metres east west by 3,000 metres north south with grid lines spaced at 200 metres and stations at 50 metres on each line. In 2003 an airborne survey was completed and in 2004 the area was mapped in conjunction with the previously discussed soil sampling program. This ground based geophysical survey was a fundamental piece of work that provided a coherent geological picture of the potential of the Sickle Creek area.

The following is the summary from The Lloyd Geophysical Report on the Sofia prospect: "Based on the geophysical data discussed in this report, the surveys have outlined a very strong IP chargeability anomaly with a significant magnetic overprint. This anomaly, which overlies approximately 50 percent of the survey area, is about 1,400 metres long and 1,000 metres wide. Furthermore it remains open to the northwest, the northeast and the southwest, and also has a strong depth component. Since this anomaly is underlain by rocks of the Jock Creek quartz monzonite pluton, it has been interpreted to indicate the presence of a strong sulphide system with the potential to host a significant gold-copper porphyry deposit."

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releasesfr/show.jsp?action=showRelease&searchText=false&showText=all&actionFor=564924>

Monday, October 24, 2005

## Gold Exploration - Magnetics and VLF for Selection of Drill Targets

Black Pearl's summer work program consisted of prospecting, mapping and sampling of selected areas of the 9000 hectare Wekusko property, concentrating on the core areas surrounding the Ferro-Gold Dust gold deposits. This work was based upon an extensive 1989-90 ground VLF-EM and magnetometer database, which covers much of the property with 50 and 100 meter line spacing.

The results of the summer program are encouraging and have resulted in the upgrading of 19 VLF-EM conductors to drill worthy, with a total of 2500 meters of drilling planned in 40 holes. This program will begin in early January 2006, a drill contract having been secured.

The 2005 prospecting on the Wekusko property resulted in the ground checking of over 40 VLF-EM anomalies. These anomalies were located along both the Laguna-McCafferty and the Ferro gold trends, as well as in the vicinity of the NW edge of the Morgan Lake quartz-eye granite pluton. This work has resulted in the selection of 19 VLF-EM anomalies for drilling a total of 26 holes.

The drill program will also be expanded to include drilling in the Johnson Lake area, 3 to 5 km northeast of the McCafferty zone. Here magnetometer, VLF-EM and I.P. geophysics identified drill targets in the vicinity of new gold showings containing up to 0.47 oz/T Au (16 g Au) in a grab sample.

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releasesfr/show.jsp?action=showRelease&actionFor=562873>

## Porphyry Copper - Ground Magnetics for Follow-Up

Asia Gold Corp. (TSX VENTURE:ASG) is pleased to announce the discovery of widespread porphyry copper-gold mineralization at the Khongor prospect in the Gobi region of southern Mongolia. Initial rock sampling and geological mapping have confirmed copper-oxide mineralization over an area of at least 1,250 metres in length and up to 325 metres in width.

The Khongor prospect is located within the West Falcon Gobi Area, a joint-venture property with BHP Billiton World Exploration Inc. (BHP Billiton). The Khongor porphyry copper-gold prospect was discovered by Asia Gold during a reconnaissance exploration program on the company's West Gobi project. Asia Gold is now establishing a winter camp at Khongor in order to support a detailed exploration program with follow-up drilling to test the potential of the porphyry system.

## Planned Exploration Programs

Asia Gold and BHP Billiton are currently discussing plans to continue exploration of Khongor 'North' located within the West Falcon Gobi Area. Khongor 'South', the

projected southeast strike extension of the prospect outside of the West Falcon Gobi Area, will be explored independently by Asia Gold pursuant to the option agreement with Solomon Resources and Gallant Minerals.

The first exploration program at Khongor South started in early October. This program includes geological mapping, rock sampling and a ground magnetometer survey.

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releases/show.jsp?action=showRelease&actionFor=563310>

Friday, August 26, 2005

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### **Gold Exploration - Magnetism and VLF for Anomaly Follow-Up**

The Kenville Mine has not been in production for decades, but figures released in 1990 ranked it as the 26th largest gold producer in British Columbia history. British Columbia Government records indicate that between 1890 and 1954, the Kenville Mine produced 2,024,306 grams of gold (2 metric tonnes) from 181,120 tonnes of ore.

Current work recommendations include:- A surface exploration program to enlarge the soil geo-chemical grid and expand the present anomalies discovered during the mid 1990's by Teck Corp during a two-year drill program. The geo-chemical soil grid located a large copper, gold, silver and molybdenum anomaly, which may overlie a zone or zones of foliation-conformable porphyry copper-style mineralization. The soil anomaly is located near the periphery of a felsic intrusion in a virtually unexplored area of the property.

The anomalous area is 1000 meters in strike length and 250 meters in width, and is open to expansion. Magnetometer and VLF-EM surveys, machine trenching, surface prospecting and geological mapping will be used to follow-up the anomaly.

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releases/show.jsp?action=showRelease&actionFor=552109>

Friday, August 19, 2005

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### **Diamond Exploration - Magnetism for Selecting Drill Targets**

Randsburg International Gold Corporation announced today that it has discovered additional diamonds on its Victory Strike concessions located in central Brazil's Goias State and that it has substantially increased the size of its landholdings. Randsburg's Brazilian subsidiary, DIADEM MINERACAO LTDA, has a 100% interest in the exploration permits that cover the prospective area which is now 252 square kilometres (62,270 acres) in size. Randsburg owns 85% of the subsidiary.

The concessions are in geological proximity to the famous diamond producing area of the Verissimo River from which diamonds have been recovered for more than 100 years. Based on recently completed ground and airborne geophysics, the Company claimed additional concessions totaling 132 square kilometres.

Based on these new discoveries, the Company has implemented the following work program:

1) Ground work, including further auger drilling, pitting and trenching is being conducted to further delineate the size of the diamond bearing eclogitic intrusives.

2) Airborne and ground magnetic surveys were conducted over prospective features in the claim block. Over 3000 line kilometres of high-resolution aeromagnetic data were collected and interpreted under the supervision of Dr. Allan Spector. A total of 12 line kilometers of ground magnetometer surveying was also completed by Dr. Spector over the area of the Victory Strike that includes the systematic auger drilling. Several magnetic anomalies have been interpreted as high priority targets by Dr. Spector.

More information is at

<http://www.newswire.ca/en/releases/archive/August2005/18/c1260.html>

### **Gold Exploration - Inverse Relationship Between Gold and Magnetics**

Prize Mining Corporation is pleased to announce that it has now completed the ground magnetometer geophysical survey on its Atlin Gold Property in northwestern British Columbia that was first announced on July 11, 2005. Prize is also pleased to announce that the geophysical survey was completed with tighter line spacing than originally proposed on both the Yellowjacket and Rock of Ages Zones resulting in additional line kilometers and more detailed survey results. In addition, a small geophysical survey on the Gold Run Zone was completed that was not originally planned, as was a survey of all the remaining existing drill collar locations.

The final completed cost of the entire program was less than the budget. The ground magnetometer geophysical survey was designed to follow up strong magnetic anomalies outlined on the Atlin Gold Property by the prior airborne magnetic survey. Exploration work to date by Prize has discovered a positive correlation between low magnetic susceptibility zones and high grade gold mineralization in the Yellowjacket Zone (see previous News Releases dated May 25, 2005).

The detailed ground magnetometer geophysical survey was completed over the Yellowjacket and Rock of Ages Zones with grid lines spaced 25 or 50 metres apart and readings taken at 5 metre intervals along the grid lines. The magnetometer geophysical survey showed nearly identical magnetic responses on the Yellowjacket Zone and the undrilled Rock of Ages Zone as seen from the previous airborne magnetic survey and the magnetic susceptibility survey on the drill core.

A detailed ground magnetometer geophysical survey was also completed over the Gold Run Zone located at the head of the historic Pine Creek placer gold channel, 3 kilometres upstream from the Yellowjacket Zone. Seven grid lines were surveyed at 50 metre spacings with readings at 5 metre intervals in order to test the magnetic response. A larger and sharper magnetic response was found on the Gold Run Zone as compared to the Yellowjacket and Rock of Ages Zones.

The Gold Run Zone, like the Rock of Ages Zone, remains untested by drilling. In all

three grid areas, the preliminary total field ground magnetometer geophysical survey results define the target areas very well. Currently 3D modeling and inversion of the magnetic data is being completed by Peter E. Walcott and Associates and will be employed to assist in targeting the next phase of the diamond drill program on the Yellowjacket Zone. Diamond drilling will commence on the Yellowjacket Zone the first week of September, 2005.

More information is at

<http://www.newswire.ca/en/releases/archive/August2005/18/c1318.html>

### **Gold Exploration - Magnetics for Anomaly Follow Up**

Aurelian Resources Inc. is pleased to announce the completion of Phase One exploration and the commencement of Phase TWO exploration at the Bella Vista gold and silver prospect at the Condor Project in southeastern Ecuador. New assays from the area have returned up to 23.3 g/t of Au and 449 g/t of Ag, with 19 samples returning greater than 2 g/t of Au.

The purpose of Phase One follow-up of the stream sediment anomaly at Bella Vista was: to identify the main trend of the mineralization, where an outcrop grab sample assayed 47.3 g/t Au (PR 08/06/2005) and to identify other mineralized structures through geologic mapping and sampling. The completion of Phase One has identified the main trend as 050 degrees, dipping between 40 to 60 degrees to the southeast.

In addition to the previously outlined Morales Shear Zone, another 5 mineralized structures have been delineated in the course of Phase One. Mineralization occurs as veins and mineralized shear zones in the in the Zamora batholith granodiorite. During Phase One, the total number of grab and rock chip samples taken is 197 of which 18 samples are from float and 168 samples are from outcrop. Of the outcrop samples, 38 are rock chip samples between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in length and the other 141 are grab samples. The grade of the samples ranges from less than 0.001 to 23.3 g/t for Au and less than 0.2 to 449 g/t for Ag. Approximately 10% of all samples taken average greater than 1.0 g/t of Au.

President Patrick Anderson states, "These results fully justify follow-up. We are immediately initiating Phase Two of exploration to further delineate the scope of these high grade structures. This phase will include a program of line-cutting, mapping, geochemistry and geophysics using the company's magnetometers. We expect to have the results for this next stage within the next two months."

More information is at

<http://www.ccnmatthews.com/news/releases/show.jsp?action=showRelease&actionFor=552467>

Monday, August 15, 2005

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### **Platinum Metals - Magnetics to Test Anomalies along Offset Dyke**

Wallbridge Mining Company Limited announced the first assays from channel samples and drill holes testing the newly identified Trill Offset Dyke. Assays from the first

massive sulphide lens to be discovered in this new unexplored dyke include 4.64 m of 3.04 gPt/t, 7.72 g Pd/t, 1.92 g Au/t (12.68 g Pt+Pd+Au/t), 1.70% nickel, 1.05% copper in hole WTR-011 (estimated true width 3.3 metres), including a massive sulphide section of 11.36 g Pd/t, 3.84 g Pt/t, 0.18 g Au/t (15.38 gPt+Pd+Au/t), 4.85% nickel, 0.57% copper over 1.42 metres (estimated true width 1.0 metres).

More work is planned ... Linecutting has been completed covering the strike extensions of the dyke, and magnetometer and ground TEM surveys are currently underway to test magnetic anomalies identified along the trend of the dyke by magnetic surveys.

More information is at

<http://www.newswire.ca/en/releases/archive/August2005/09/c8388.html>

### **Diamond Exploration - Magnetics to Outline Size Extents**

Delta Mining and Exploration Corp., is pleased to announce that Apex Geoscience, LTD has commenced a detailed fieldwork program on the Montana properties. As announced in a press release dated July 28, 2005, Delta has retained Apex Geoscience, a leading geological consulting firm, to carry out exploration on the Homestead kimberlite pipe and the TV Hill, Half Moon, Rattler Butte, Three Buttes and Teigen Butte, diamond targets in the Grassrange district of Eastern Montana. The work is a follow-up to initial exploration previously completed by Delta in which a number of targets with diamond potential were identified containing classic diamond indicator minerals. In the case of the Homestead pipe a micro-diamond was recovered.

The Apex work program will be multi-phased. The first phase will consist of a geophysical program comprising a ground magnetometer survey to outline the size extent of Delta's exploration targets. Phase two will consist of expanded geophysics, detailed ground mapping, trenching and sampling which will lead to bulk sampling of key targets. Results of each step will be issued as they become available, with the whole program scheduled to last through the end of summer.

More information is at

[http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news\\_view&newsId=20050809005662&newsLang=en](http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news_view&newsId=20050809005662&newsLang=en)

### **Gold Exploration - Magnetite Association with Gold**

PAN AFRICAN MINING CORP. is pleased to announce the commencement of its Phase 2 Exploration Program on its Mountain of Gold Project. The project is located in the Dabolava region of the Central-West Plateau of Madagascar. The Company's license in this region encompasses approximately 1825 sq. km. situated 125 air miles west-southwest of the capital city of Antananarivo, in the provinces of Toliary and Antananarivo.

The Phase 2 Program is designed as a follow-up to its recent discovery of a permissive zone of dilation hosting high-grade gold mineralization along the 10km. Mountain of Gold shear system. The current program is intended to generate focused drill targets to expand the zone of initial discovery at Dabolava East and to identify other similarly

permissive zones along the trend. Phase 1 diamond drilling at that site yielded significant "discovery" intercepts, including 4.3 m @10.52 g/t Au and 17.2 m @ 4.04 g/t in holes DE-D-004 and DE-D-006 respectively, approximately 110 meters apart.

The significant drill results from Phase 1 confirm a permissive structural environment along with a strong gold-sulphide association. Accordingly, further geochemical and magnetic studies are now being undertaken along the Mountain of Gold shear system to define additional drill targets for the Phase 2 diamond drilling program. The present work program is being overseen by Andre J. Audet, P.Eng.

The Company has identified a strong relationship between gold-sulphide mineralization and disseminated magnetite at the Dabolava East zone. Magnetite appears to be related to the metamorphic transformation of earlier carbonate alteration generated by a substantial center of hydrothermal activity. Accordingly, the Company has now commenced a detailed ground magnetometer survey and a limited IP (induced polarization) survey that will test the key 2 km by 3km zone of known gold mineralization.

Magnetic patterns associated with gold mineralization will be investigated on a 50 by 12.5 meter grid with a survey totalling approximately 50 line kilometres. Within this area, a minimum of 20 line km of IP survey will also be conducted on selected targets to investigate the distribution of disseminated sulphides and magnetite related to the shear-hosted gold mineralization. The program will be extended to prospective ground beyond the boundaries of this initial discovery zone in Dabolava East as deemed warranted.

More information is at

[http://www.marketwire.com/mw/release\\_html\\_b1?release\\_id=92389](http://www.marketwire.com/mw/release_html_b1?release_id=92389)

Wednesday, August 03, 2005

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### **Gold Exploration - Magnetism as First Phase Method**

Select Resources Corporation and Curlew Lake Resources jointly announced today initiation of the 2005 exploration program of their jointly held Typhoon claim group in the Clear Creek District of Yukon Territory. The program is designed to identify lode gold deposits in this historic placer district.

The first phase of the program is to complete a detailed soil geochemical survey and a ground magnetometer survey of the claim group, focusing on claims staked in 2004. This program will include follow-up of several soil anomalies identified late last year. It is expected that soil samples will be submitted for analysis within the next few days, with preliminary results expected in approximately 30 days.

More information is at <http://biz.yahoo.com/prnews/050802/latu131.html?.v=11>

Monday, July 25, 2005

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### **Uranium Exploration - Ground Magnetism for Targets of Special Interest**

Batavia recently signed an agreement with AIM-listed Thor Mining PLC to acquire

Uranium Exploration Rights to advanced prospects in Eastern Arunta Province, Northern Territory. The new acquisition includes a granted Exploration Licence and Exploration Licence Applications totalling approximately 1,200km<sup>2</sup>, representing a substantial addition to Batavia's recently acquired NT uranium portfolio.

Exploration work completed to date has included systematic airborne radiometric surveys, field evaluation of uranium anomalies, scintillometer traversing, reconnaissance geological mapping and ground magnetometer surveys of areas of special interest. Numerous strong radiometric anomalies were recorded from the reconnaissance radiometric survey.

The area has the potential to host three distinctive styles of uranium mineralisation defined by structure and stratigraphy, namely:

1. Structural Hosted: Defined by the occurrence of uraninite within major thrust faults and shear zones. The Delny-Mt Sainthill Fault system appears to have significance, as all metalliferous mineral occurrences known to date are located north of this system eg. Molyhil, Jervois and Bonya. There are clusters of radiometric anomalies along a 4 kilometre corridor which represent a priority follow up target.
2. Quartz-Pyrolusite Reef Hosted: Small concentrations of uranium associated with quartz-pyrolusite reef systems such as the Oorabra Reef system.
3. IOCG/Brecciated Igneous Complex Deposits: Strong radioactivity closely associated with highly fractured granitic bodies in the Mt Sainthill region. Thrust faulting appears to have been responsible for the extensive brecciation and fracturing within the Jinka and Marshall granites. Significant radiometric anomalies remain untested around these radioactive granites.

More information is at [http://www.mineweb.net/co\\_releases/463359.htm](http://www.mineweb.net/co_releases/463359.htm)

Thursday, July 14, 2005

### **Iron Exploration - Magnetics for Mapping and Target Selection**

Quinto Technology Inc. would like to inform its shareholders that the Government of Quebec has confirmed the acceptance of 42 new mineral claims in the Peppler Lake vicinity. These new claims were part of a strategic group of claims that Quinto believes will enhance the potential of the Peppler Lake iron property.

A first phase work program will commence at Peppler Lake within the next week. The initial program will consist of line cutting, detailed ground magnetometer survey and basic geological confirmation of the area previously drilled by QCM in the 1960's.

More information is at

<http://www.newswire.ca/en/releases/archive/July2005/13/c1046.html>

### **Gold Exploration - Ground Magnetics for Drill Targeting**

Prize Mining Corporation, formerly Muskox Minerals Corp. , is pleased to announce that

it has contracted Peter E. Walcott and Associates to complete a ground magnetometer geophysical survey on its Atlin Gold Property, located in northwestern British Columbia.

The survey follows up prior geophysical work conducting on the Atlin Gold Property, including an airborne magnetic and electromagnetic survey and drill core magnetic susceptibility readings on the drill core from the Yellowjacket Zone (see News Release dated May 24, 2005).

Prize has identified a strong positive correlation between low magnetic susceptibility zones and high grade gold mineralization in the Yellowjacket Zone. The Yellowjacket Zone has returned numerous high gold assays from diamond drilling to date.

The purpose of the magnetometer geophysical survey is to further identify the magnetic trends on the ground to allow Prize to better target the gold mineralization in the next phase of diamond drilling. Approximately 80 line kilometres of grid (spaced at 25 metre intervals) will be put in over the Yellowjacket Zone and adjacent Rock of Ages Zone through the course of the survey.

The survey will be completed in about 3 weeks, after which diamond drilling will resume on Yellowjacket Zone with the goal of expanding the zone of gold mineralization along the magnetic trends identified by the survey. The survey will also allow Prize to plan the initial diamond drill program on the Rock of Ages Zone, which to date is untested by diamond drilling.

Monday, June 20, 2005

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### **Base Metals - Magnetometer Surveys to Define Prospect Extensions**

First Narrows Resources Corp. is pleased to announce that the FTG Gradiometer Airborne survey carried out by the Noranda/Slam JV over First Narrows Resources' Middle River property located in the Bathurst Mining Camp, NB, has identified a promising gravity anomaly coincident with a high priority MegaTEM and magnetic anomaly (anomaly #MR1) 9 km north of the BMS#12 zinc, lead, copper, silver mine. First Narrows owns, or has the right to own, a 100% interest in the Middle River property.

The Company has carried out approximately 11 line kms of preliminary ground geophysics and soil geochemistry over anomaly MR1. Gridding and ground geophysical surveys (IP, HLEM, mag, VLF) have detailed the southern part of anomaly MR1. The interpretation of the ground geophysical data suggests that the anomaly is blind, > 700 meters in length, open on trend to the north, and up to 100 meters in width. The top of the geophysical anomaly is interpreted to lie 75 to 200 meters below surface. VLF, magnetic, and soil geochemical surveys were conducted along a reconnaissance line approximately 700 meters further north of the detailed grid. The surveys confirmed the northern extension of MR1 and located a strong, coincident, ZnPbCuAg soil geochem anomaly.

The FTG Airborne Gravity anomaly is directly coincident with both the widest (and blind) part of MR1 and also a broad weak to moderate PbZnAu soil geochemical

anomaly.

The soil geochemical anomalies are characterized by moderately to strongly anomalous pathfinder and secondary metals (Mo, Sb, Cd, S, Bi, Co, Mn).

MR1 occurs on the projected extension of the BMS#12 mine horizon within the Nepisiguit Falls Formation as described by the NB Provincial Government geologists and the Geological Survey of Canada geologists. This is the stratigraphic unit that is host to more than 30 of the 45 known VMS deposits in the Bathurst Mining Camp. The extension of the BMS#12 favourable horizon on the Middle River property is under-explored.

MR1 is considered a high-priority drill target that First Narrows intends to drill during the summer of 2005.

More information is at

[http://www.marketwire.com/mw/release\\_html\\_b1?release\\_id=88987](http://www.marketwire.com/mw/release_html_b1?release_id=88987)

Wednesday, June 15, 2005

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### **Gold Exploration - Magnetism for Definition of Ultramafic Units**

Sage Gold Inc. is pleased to report exploration results on the Kerrs property and future exploration plans. Over the past few months, Sage Gold Inc. completed an extensive Mobile Metal Ion (MMI) soils survey and magnetometer survey on the Kerrs Property in northeastern Ontario (immediately north of the prolific Larder Lake break).

The MMI survey consisted of 1073 samples covering the entire property of 2,199 acres. Raw data from the survey reveal a geochemical anomaly southwest along strike with the Jam Lake Gold zone. The presence of anomalous nickel, cobalt, gold, silver and palladium in the Jam Lake area reflects both the presence of ultramafic units and the mineralized (2.5 grams Au/tonne over 10.2 metres and 11.69 grams Au/tonne over 0.76 metres) quartz carbonate green carbonate altered volcanics.

The magnetometer survey has aided in interpreting the subsurface geology through correlation with historical data, and indicates the presence of folded ultramafic units sandwiched between less magnetic volcanic units.

More information is at

<http://www.newswire.ca/en/releases/archive/June2005/10/c0623.html>

Friday, June 10, 2005

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### **Platinum Exploration - Detecting Offset Dykes and Other Targets**

Tearlach Resources Limited has completed a program of geophysical and geological assessment on its Foy-Hess nickel copper platinum and palladium prospect on the North Range of the Sudbury Basin. A review of the airborne geophysical data indicates at least seven areas of anomalous EM responses, all co-incident with the magnetically mapped location of the offset dykes.

Fifty kilometers of ground magnetometer surveying has been completed on the Venetian and LaForest grids in Botha and Sweeny Townships, essentially completing the ground magnetometer mapping of the 26 kilometers of the Foy and Hess Offset dyke systems held by the Company under option. Two new areas of magnetically anomalous readings discovered during the mapping will be examined during the summer to evaluate their significance.

More information is at

<http://www.newswire.ca/en/releases/archive/June2005/09/c0270.html>

Friday, June 03, 2005

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### **Diamond Exploration - Finding Subtle Anomalies Missed in Airborne Surveys**

Pele Mountain Resources Inc. is pleased to report that an aggressive exploration program is progressing at its 100% owned Attawapiskat River Diamond Project. Kimberlite indicator minerals have recently been recovered from Pele's West River Property that include: high forsteritic olivine, lherzolitic garnets, high-magnesium ilmenites, and high-magnesium chromites.

Pele is currently performing an extensive, highly detailed ground magnetic survey. Approximately 200 line kilometres of grid have already been cut in the southern portion of the West River Property with 100 metre and 50 metre line spacing. Magnetic readings are being taken on 25 metre and 12.5 metre intervals along the cut lines. The highly detailed ground magnetic survey has revealed a number of magnetic anomalies that may be indicative of pipe-like kimberlite intrusions, which are not readily discernible on available airborne magnetic surveys. The magnetically dominant Precambrian basement lithologies appear to have masked certain relatively more subtle, near surface pipe-like magnetic targets that have recently been identified by Pele's detailed ground magnetic data.

Drill testing of magnetic targets using a small portable drill began immediately upon identification of ground magnetic anomalies as Pele's magnetic survey was progressing. Following several delays in January as a result of extreme winter weather conditions, two of these anomalies were drilled to a depth of approximately 35 to 40 metres, which is approaching the practical depth limit of Pele's portable drill.

Both resulted in the successful recovery of core containing predominantly limestone from bedrock. Recently obtained detailed ground magnetic data have identified additional targets within the much stronger magnetic background of the Precambrian basement that exhibit magnetic characteristics indicative of near surface, pipe-like kimberlite intrusions. The drilling of these targets will commence in the next few days.

More information is at [http://www.pelemountain.com/PR\\_all/04-02-13.htm](http://www.pelemountain.com/PR_all/04-02-13.htm)

Wednesday, June 01, 2005

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## **Gold Exploration - Magnetics for Delineating & Characterizing Auriferous Zones**

Douglas Lake Minerals Inc. reports that it has initiated preliminary surveying work on its Tanzanian concessions and will be coordinating soil sample surveys in the near future to delineate the auriferous structures that the local miners are currently mining. These concessions are the ones that the Company is in the process of closing with the private Tanzanian company, as reported in our news release of May 5th, 2005.

The results of the initial sampling was reported earlier (up to 89 grams gold from a grab sample, and 2.4 grams from a rough chip sample over a 2 foot width) on the Morogoro Property and new results of 14.1 grams per tonne, 1.62 grams per tonne, 0.91 grams per tonne and 4.1 grams per tonne from grab samples at the second zone over 2.5 kilometres along strike to the west in ancillary workings are reported. This concession was sampled by the company's president on geologically the same structure as the initial sampling.

The potential for further gold discovery along strike and between the two zones is very good as demonstrated by a newly opened portion of the initially visited and sampled zone by the local artesian miners who report 3.23 grams per tonne.

Regional geophysics with Magnetometer and a VLF EM Transmitter and receiver over the optioned and purchased concessions will be evaluated with respects to the several known auriferous structures already identified. The potential of the properties to have significant auriferous zones identified remains promising and a program of geochemical soil sampling, detailed geophysical surveying and geological mapping will be initiated shortly.

More information is at <http://www.primezone.com/newsroom/?d=79071>

Tuesday, May 24, 2005

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## **Gold Exploration - Magnetics for Focusing Exploration Efforts**

Lincoln Gold Corp. is pleased to announce that it commenced reverse circulation drilling on May 4 at its Hannah gold property in Churchill County, Nevada, approximately 55 miles east of Reno. The track-mounted drill rig is presently on the fourth hole of a ten-hole program planned for a total footage of 5,000 feet. All drill samples will be picked up by a certified Reno-based laboratory and will be assayed for gold and silver. Drilling is designed to test a large, coherent, soil gold anomaly hosted in oxidized Mesozoic metamorphic rocks. Numerous old prospect pits are present along the 3,000 ft-long, east-west-trending gold anomaly.

A large ground magnetometer survey has been completed over the Company's Jenny Hill gold property in Mineral and Nye Counties, located approximately 16 miles west of the small town of Gabbs and between the Paradise Peak and Rawhide gold mines. The large gold property is now 100% covered by magnetic data collected along lines on 100 meter spacing. In addition, six gravity survey lines were completed in the northern portion of the claim block. The new data will be used to help focus future exploration drilling for skarn-hosted and Carlin-style gold mineralization. The Company will employ a professional, third-party geophysicist to interpret the new data and

incorporate the information with available surface geology and geochemistry.

More information is at

[http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news\\_view&newsId=20050517006267&newsLang=en](http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news_view&newsId=20050517006267&newsLang=en)

Friday, May 06, 2005

### **Diamond Exploration - Coincident Magnetic and EM Anomalies**

Shear Minerals, Stornoway Diamond and BHP Billiton Diamonds has released results from the spring exploration drilling program on the Churchill diamond project in Nunavut. The first hole drilled has intersected new kimberlite. Drill hole number 05KD428-02 was designed to test KD5071, a circular magnetic high with associated EM geophysical anomaly. The vertical drill hole tested the centre of the anomaly and intersected kimberlite at a depth of 11.5m and the hole remains in kimberlite at a depth of 71m.

Ground geophysical crews are on site and have completed 25 surveys over selected high interest anomalies. Geophysics will include ground magnetics, HLEM and selected nanoTEM. Drilling will continue through to the end of the summer season and will focus on land-based targets within the same areas of interest.

Tuesday, May 03, 2005

### **Alluvial Diamonds - Magnetics for Mapping of Paleochannels**

Cream Minerals Ltd. is pleased to announce that it has received a Technical Report on its Casierra alluvial diamond properties EPL 1/94 (Hima prospecting license area) and EPL 5/94 in Sierra Leone, West Africa. EPL 1/94 covers approximately 10.5 km of the Sewa River channel along with adjoining flats and terraces up to 1.4 km wide.

The Sewa River has a long history of diamond production from alluvial sources with EPL 1/94 containing one of the last portions of the diamondiferous sections of the river which has not seen extensive hand mining by natives (Hall, 1966). Within the lease, the river has a relatively low gradient, but is surrounded both upstream and downstream by sections of the river with much steeper, rapid forming gradients.

He reports, however, that results of the programs to date are sufficient to justify further work and recommends a two-phase program. Phase 1 will be a detailed magnetometer survey over portions of the lease indicated by the 1995 geophysical work as possible paleochannels employing an Owenhauser type horizontal and vertical gradient magnetometer. Cost of the program is estimated at US\$175,000. Phase 2 will be a dredge sampling program based on the results of phase 1 at an estimated cost of US\$710,000. Total cost of the Phase 1 and Phase 2 programs for EPL 5/94 is US\$885,000.

More information is at

[http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news\\_view&newsId=20050419005928&newsLang=en](http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news_view&newsId=20050419005928&newsLang=en)

Wednesday, April 13, 2005

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### **Disseminated Gold Exploration - Magnetics for Drill Targeting**

Over the past 18 months Nevsun Resources Ltd. has been exploring a prospective area approximately 10 kilometers east of its Bisha massive sulphide deposit. The area is underlain by late Proterozoic aged metasediments and associated intrusive rocks. It is located within Nevsun's Okreb exploration license which is contiguous with its Bisha license. The Bisha camp is providing an efficient and cost effective management and logistical base for the Okreb work.

An extensive sequence of jasperoids (silica replacement of limestone) has been traced for many kilometers of strike length. This evidence along with a suite of elements with similar association to those of many Nevada gold deposits (Au, As, Sb, Hg, Tl, Ba, Mo) has lead Nevsun's geologists to believe that there is a strong potential for the region to host Carlin type disseminated gold deposits.

Geophysical surveys in the form of magnetometer and IP/resistivity are planned to start within the next few weeks. An initial diamond drilling program of 2000-2500 meters is scheduled to be carried out in May in order to test anomalous areas and geophysically defined targets.

More information is at

[http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news\\_view&newsId=20050412005566&newsLang=en](http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news_view&newsId=20050412005566&newsLang=en)

### **Gold Exploration - Magnetics for Definition of Geologic Structures**

Lincoln Gold is pleased to announce that it has executed a drilling contract and geophysical survey contract and is continuing soil sampling on its Nevada properties. A large ground geophysical survey program on the Jenny Hill property has been contracted with a prominent, international geophysical survey company in Reno.

Work should commence in April on this gold property in Mineral County, approximately 16 miles west of the small desert town of Gabbs. Approximately 110 kilometers of continuous-reading GPS magnetometer survey is planned at a 100 meter line spacing utilizing continuous GPS readings as control. Subsequent data will be merged with the Company's existing 63 kilometer survey (same contractor) for a total of 173 kilometers of magnetometer data. The purpose of the survey is to further define significant structures related to gold mineralization and to indicate possible extensions of known skarn mineralization.

More information is at

[http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news\\_view&newsId=20050412005625&newsLang=en](http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news_view&newsId=20050412005625&newsLang=en)

Tuesday, April 12, 2005

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### **Gold Exploration - Magnetics for Mapping and Drill Targeting**

Cream Minerals Ltd. is pleased to announce that it is now planning the 2005

exploration program on its Goldsmith Property, located near Kaslo in southeastern British Columbia. Results from the previous soil geochemistry and rock sampling results are extremely positive, leading Cream to plan expanded exploration programs for 2005.

Due to the very encouraging gold values obtained in rock and soil samples throughout the length of this property, a two-phase work program is planned for 2005. The initial Phase will focus on continuing to expand the soil sampling grid over the remainder of the property. Also, in order to define drill and trench targets throughout the large anomalous zone, detailed geological mapping, rock chip sampling and an accompanying magnetometer survey will also be conducted over the extent of the grid.

More information is at

[http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news\\_view&newsId=20050407005024&newsLang=en](http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news_view&newsId=20050407005024&newsLang=en)

### **Platinum Group Exploration - Magnetic Modeling and Characterization**

Nevada Star Resource Corp. is pleased to release encouraging results from studies of integrated exploration geology, geophysics, geochemistry and drilling generated since 1995 for the Canwell Nickel-Copper Platinum-Group Element (Ni-Cu-PGE) prospect on Area 4 of the MAN Alaska Project, Delta River Mining district, Alaska. Analysis of the newly integrated database revealed higher nickel values than previously reported, newly recognized Ni-Cu-PGE anomalies between the Lower Canwell and East Canwell showings, and increased potential for large deposits of disseminated sulfide mineralization.

Airborne and ground magnetic and electromagnetic (EM) surveys guided mapping of the lithologies and detection of geophysical anomalies within the Canwell Complex. Inverse three-dimensional modeling reveals the presence of three large magnetic bodies, suggesting a composite intrusion. The easternmost of these bodies is the most irregular in shape and hosts the majority of the mineral showings.

Wednesday, February 23, 2005

### **Copper / Gold Exploration - Expanded Grid Surveying using Magnetics**

Ross River Minerals Inc. is pleased to announce that it has resumed operations on its 20,321 hectare El Pulpo property, located 125 kilometres northeast of Mazatlan, Mexico. The initial 2005 program includes additional mapping and sampling of the Cerro Colorado, La Cetolla and Jocquistes copper-gold porphyry prospects and heavy silt sampling of the streams draining the general area of the La Cetolla and Jocquistes prospects and east to southeast of the Cerro Colorado prospect.

The existing grid over the La Langosta and Cerro Colorado prospects will be expanded eastward to tie together the La Langosta and La Cetolla prospects. Soil geochemical sampling, magnetometer and induced polarization surveys will be completed over the expanded grid. Trenching is also planned for anomalous areas. This will be followed by a major drill program within the La Langosta and Cerro Colorado copper-gold porphyry

prospects. James R. Reeves P.Geol. will manage the 2005 exploration program.

More information is at <http://press.arrivenet.com/bus/article.php/594165.html>

Friday, February 11, 2005

### **Gold Exploration - Prospecting Using Ground Magnetics**

Temex Resources Corp. today released results from the recent trenching program on its Merico Ethel Property, part of the Latchford Gold Project.

Commenting on the results Brian Groves said, "These results are significant for several reasons. Firstly, they support our view that the full potential of the property to host significant gold mineralization is being realised. Secondly, we now have a number of priority targets to focus on in the next phase of exploration and thirdly this work adds significantly to our total understanding of the controls on mineralization within the Latchford Project. Our exploration focus will continue to drive toward defining the full potential of the more than 50,000 acres comprising the Latchford Project."

The Company is pleased to report the results of a surface exploration program completed on the Merico Ethel Property during the fall field program. The Property, one of 11 properties comprising the Latchford Gold Project, is located 5 kilometres east of Elk Lake, ON. In October 2004, a program consisting of surface stripping and trenching of high grade copper veins in proximity to the Merico Shaft area was completed. In November and December a grid was cut across much of the Property which provided control for a soil geochemical survey, ground magnetometer and induced polarization (IP) geophysical surveys.

More information is at

<http://www.newswire.ca/en/releases/archive/February2005/10/c2745.html>

Friday, February 04, 2005

### **Copper / Molybdenum Exploration - Targeting Drillholes Using Magnetics**

Sonora Gold Corp has received the results from the final 2 holes from its 2000 meter core drilling Phase 1 program at its San Enrique property in Sonora State, Mexico. Hole # 05-15 returned 27.6 meters grading 0.148% Mo, 0.308% Cu and 6.7gpt Silver. Within this interval 5.3 meters graded 0.454% Mo, 0.92% Cu and 21.3gpt silver.

The results received to date and, to a certain extent, current metal prices, dictate that the focus of exploration at San Enrique switch from gold to molybdenum/copper, either lower grade bulk tonnage targets or higher grade supergene zones. Drilling prior to the discovery at Los Panoches indicated that the rocks at San Enrique were generally molybdenum-enriched. The 8 holes covering more than a square kilometer in the Central area averaged almost 0.02% Mo over their entire lengths. (The crustal distribution for Mo is 1 ppm. 0.02% approaches the grade at which Mo is recovered as a by-product).

Future drilling for these targets at San Enrique will be guided by detailed geophysics including ground magnetometer and Induced Polarization Surveys.

More information is at

[http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news\\_view&newsId=20050202006013&newsLang=en](http://home.businesswire.com/portal/site/google/index.jsp?ndmViewId=news_view&newsId=20050202006013&newsLang=en)